

**MSSNY
Draft Minutes
Committee on Bioethics Meeting
February 12, 2021**

Present

Joshua Cohen, MD, Commissioner
Janine Fogarty, MD, Asst. Commissioner
Jeffrey Berger, MD, Chair
Patricia Bomba, MD
Stanley Bukowski, MD
Joseph Maldonado, MD
Cheryl Morrow, MD
John O'Brien, MD
Anthony Pivarunas, DO
Joel Potash, MD
Peter Rogatz, MD
Corinne, Salonson-Lojos, MD
Robert Schloss, MD
Renee Solomon, MD
Jane Marie Simpson, DO
Sally White, MD
Cheryl Stier, Alliance

Absent

Maria Basile, MD
Stanley Pietrak, MD

Excused

Arthur Cooper, MD

Invited Guests

Bonnie Litvack, MD President
William Valenti, MD, Chair MSSNY
Infectious Disease Committee

Staff

Pat Clancy, VP/Managing Director
Public Health Education
Maureen Ramirez, Administrative Asst.

1 **1) Welcome**

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3 **2) Approval of October 23, 2020 minutes** – approved with correction of MOLST.org website
4 and the proper spelling of eMOLST.

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6 **3) Covid 19 Vaccine Distribution**

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8 **a) Bonnie Litvack MD President of MSSNY** - Dr. Litvack reported that MSSNY is in
9 constant contact with the DOH and the governors' office. Reports are that over 10% of the state
10 has had the 1st shot. The governor reports that the vaccine supply will be increased by 5% over
11 our current allocation. Demand is definitely outstripping supply. It is improving, but it is taking
12 time. While the governor has opened access to vaccination to group 1A and 1B, he has also
13 opened it to people with comorbidities. The inability to get the vaccine, especially by community
14 physicians is becoming difficult/near impossible. Long term care facilities have reached 40%
15 vaccination rate.

16

17 Question - whether those numbers included skilled care, assisted living and adult home in those
18 numbers. Pat Clancy said she would would try and find out.

19

20 Question – is that any data regarding people who have received the 1st dose becoming reluctant
21 to take the second dose? No one on the committee had heard anything about that. Information
22 is 80% experiences a reaction at the injection site. Once the Johnson & Johnson vaccine is

23 available that will eliminate the potential of that problem. At this point there are 5 million people
24 eligible for vaccination. While the community physicians seem to have been skipped over,
25 MSSNY is pushing to get the vaccine to the physicians' office. There are many people with co-
26 morbidities that do not want to go to a mass vaccination site feeling it would be safer just to go
27 to their doctors' office. Getting the vaccine to the people rather than the people to the vaccine is
28 a priority.

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30 **b) William Valenti, MD Chair of MSSNY Infectious Diseases Committee** – Regarding the
31 vaccine rollout the rollout has been uneven, frustrating, disappointing and inconsistent. At times,
32 it has been hindered by overregulation. Groups 1A and 1B are eligible for the vaccine at this
33 time, but there are many things making it a challenge along the way. How to overcome the
34 equity challenge is difficult. Many things prevent people from coming to the distribution sites. It
35 is imperative that the vaccine be brought to the people. It often requires cooperation between
36 several agencies to bring vaccine to the people. Lack of supply and logistics within DOH hinder
37 this process. Because of lack of supply, most locations are only vaccinating one or two days a
38 week. One change is that the Federal Government is going to start sending vaccines to
39 federally approved centers thus bypassing the state. Doses that had been reserved for health
40 care workers will be released in the next few weeks for other use.
41 Physicians are prepared to do more but are hindered by lack of a centralized plan and short
42 supply of vaccine. This should change once the Johnson & Johnson vaccine is approved. Astra
43 Zeneca should be next. Once two more vaccines are approved, things should improve. Vaccine
44 hesitancy needs to be worked on while we wait for the supply to improve. What happens moving
45 forward? It is becoming apparent that boosters will be required. This will be a vaccine that will
46 need to be repeated just like the flu vaccine. This is the same as the HIV epidemic in 1987. This
47 is not going away.

48
49 Is there are way that organized medicine can get in front of this? The Federal Government
50 required that distribution had to be entered into a system. NYSIIS is the system utilized in the
51 State of New York. Notice was given that if you wanted to be able to distribute vaccine you had
52 to sign up for the NYSIIS system. Most pediatricians are already in the system, but many
53 internists were not. Many did sign up. There was an assumption that most physicians would not
54 have the storage capability. Also, you couldn't order smaller quantities, if you wanted vaccine
55 you had to order an entire tray. This may have been more then smaller organizations were
56 capable or willing to handle.

57
58 MSSNY needs to continue to advocate for physician offices to be included. We need to learn
59 from this for the future. The AMA should be encouraged to get involved.

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61 Question – does MSSNY have a public media campaign to get the word out? MSSNY as been
62 working on that. Dr. Litvack has been actively engaging the media to get MSSNY's position out
63 there. Physicians emails with concerns or complaints have been forwarded by Pat Clancy to the
64 Governor and the Department of Health. MSSNY is putting together a GAC letter to involve
65 more physicians.

66
67 New York State is one of the few states that does not collect data on ethnic background. The
68 Health Disparities Committee has asked the state to start to track this information right down to
69 including the zip code. There are many variables in ethnic and disparate communities regarding
70 vaccine distribution: internet access, transportation, geography. Living situation has bearing on
71 vaccine allocation. There is a need to think about how we are going to get the vaccines into
72 people's arms. There are many distribution sites that won't take appointments on line and there
73 are others that will not take appointments over the phone. There are many home health aides

74 going in and out of senior or homebound individuals. It is important to get them vaccinated as
75 well.

76 Public health and clinical health is often considered at odds with one another. It's time to get
77 them working together. It is expected that physicians will become overwhelmed next week when
78 vaccination is opened to people with comorbidities. People will need to get notes from their
79 physicians that verify the conditions that qualify them for vaccination.

80
81 The mantra should be "we will not waste a dose". There appears to be a lack of trust in
82 physician decision making process. Judgement sometimes must outweigh established policy.
83 Physicians must be able to use "best judgement" in situations – for example – where there are
84 vaccine doses left over. A physician should be able to use their judgement as to how those
85 extra doses can be used. Nothing should go to waste. Another hindrance to be considered is
86 there is no unified health system in the United States. This will probably be more of a focus for
87 MSSNY next year.

88
89 Each Public Health Education Committee of MSSNY has met over the winter and have voiced
90 their concerns. MSSNY forwards those concerns to the Department of Health and the
91 Governors office. MSSNY has found that the concerns that have voiced are slowly coming to
92 the forefront with the state.

93
94 Future topic for discussion:

- 95 • Equity and Justice between Community and Public health.
- 96 • The Roll out – Community vs Public Health and how do we handle that in the future.
- 97 • Stakeholder engagement – how an organization manages its stakeholders.
- 98 • Policy making – all users should be brought together to shape policy rather than being
99 managed. How do we as clinicians come together to shape policy rather than being
100 managed? There needs to be organization on how people are managed.
- 101 • Public Health vs. Clinical Medicine. How can this committee have a discussion with the
102 Department of Health on how to bring the clinicians into the conversation? Perhaps
103 inviting the DOH to the next committee meeting to discuss lessons learned? The DOH is
104 short staffed at this time and it is unlikely they would be able to send someone to the
105 next committee meeting in April. The AMA might need to be involved.
- 106 • COVID Disparities resource allocation and vaccine distribution.
107 The committee asked Pat Clancy to reach out the Health Disparities Committee to see if
108 there can be a joint meeting with Bioethics to discuss vaccine hesitancy. Can this
109 committee play a role to determine most at risk? Can geo-mapping be used to address
110 and assist with health Disparities?

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112 To forward to the DOH and the Governors' office from this committee:

- 113 • Physicians should be allowed to use their discretion with a small percentage of (extra)
114 doses, to use those doses in order to avoid vaccine waste? Clinical judgement should be
115 allowed to prevail without legal ramifications.

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117 The next scheduled committee meeting is April 30, 2021. Pat will let the committee know if that
118 will change.

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120
121 **Adjourned.**